



Sindhi High School
Half Yearly Examination (2024-25)
Subject – English Language & Literature

Class: VIII
Date: 03/10/2024
Number Of Printed Sides :9

Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00 To 8:15 Am
Writing Time: 8:15 To 11:15 Am

General Instructions:

1. This Paper Consists Of Three Sections.

Section-Reading-20Marks

Section B Writing & Grammar - 20 Marks

Section C Literature - 40 Marks

2. Attempt All Questions Adhering To The Word Limit.

READ THE GIVEN PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW: (10)

1. It was the city's first indoor play park of its kind. Like a good mother, I was sceptical of virtually every aspect of it. How could it succeed? Why should it succeed? How would a set of contraptions in a room hold the attention of today's children? Don't call me paranoid: I stood with dozens of mothers in similar states of quandary while the cheerful staff whisked away the curious kids for an hour. "I thought she blew the whistle after 15 minutes," huffed the pre-teen when she returned.

2. The manager came up to me. "I told you, the child would have a blast," she laughed. And explained, "There are hardly any parks in our cities." She meant, hardly anywhere children can be themselves and like a Maria in 'The Sound of Music', where they could climb a tree, scrap their knees and tear their dresses. Most of the recreation now is limited to electronic activity and given half a chance, children would jump for something more physically explorative. Even if it is simple stuff like climbing, whizzing down and jumping on a trampoline.

3. Latest research shows that computer games slow down brain development. The 'in' thing till yesterday, they are 'out' today. Says Nandita Sharma, parent of a well-adjusted teenager, "Any mother can tell that standing at a console juggling a joy-stick isn't conducive to physical relaxation. I rationed Karan's hours at the video games and made sure he spent evenings with his friends in the little space outside the house." Nandita was also afraid that the bright lights of computer games could hurt young eyes. Nor did she like the topic most of the games are based on. "There's just too much violence and fast activity. I know my kid can't lag behind in today's world and computer games certainly sharpen reflexes, but I wish the games would be more interactive and socially inclusive."

4. Indeed, apart from making a zombie out of the child, research indicates that computer games only stimulate activity in the parts of the brain associated with vision and movement. It can also lead the child to be more violent. The lack of mental calisthenics(exercise) curbs their agility in controlling their response to an unsavoury situation. Moreover, most electronic games isolate the child from the group fun of playing outdoors. Playing with peers and taking a toss or two appreciably strengthens the child's tolerance of others. This behaviour is governed by the frontal lobe, which continues to develop in humans till about 20 years. The more this lobe is exercised during moments of restraint, the more the fibres connecting the neurons in this part of the brain thicken, improving the individual control of reactions. Playing electronic games, research shows does not encourage the development of this lobe. So now parents know what to do. After school and home assignment hours, the best thing they could do for their kids is invite his/her friends home and roll the carpet away!

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.

- (i) The author was paranoid about the indoor play park because _____. (1)
- (a) she felt that the children may not like it
(b) it would not engage the children
(c) it could never provide the feeling of playing in a real park
(d) she was worried about her child
- (ii) The writer would not agree with the given statements, based on paragraph 4, EXCEPT. (1)
- (a) Computer games make a child more violent.
(b) A child becomes a zombie if he/she plays computer games.
(c) Computer games aid a child's agility in controlling their response to an unsavoury situation.
(d) Computer games stimulate activity in the brain associated with vision and movement.
- (iii) Complete the sentence appropriately by choosing the correct option. (1)
- Most computer games isolate a child from the group fun of playing outdoor games.
As a result, the child becomes _____.
(a) most tolerant of others
(b) is happy and enjoying
(c) has lot of patience
(d) very friendly with others
- (iv) Select the option that conveys the synonym of 'doubtful' from words used in paragraph (1)
- (a) Quandary
(b) Aspect
(c) Paranoid
(d) Sceptical
- (v) In the line, "...behaviour is governed by the frontal lobe", describe the role of the frontal lobe as explained in the passage. (1)
- (vi) List two reasons why parents prefer outdoor physical activity for their children in comparison to video games. Answer in about 40 words. (2)
- (vii) The given passage states that the 'indoor play park' was a hit. Based on your understanding, state the reason for this success. (2)
- (viii) Select the most suitable title for the above passage. (1)
- (a) The Indoor Park
(b) The Side Effects of Computer Games
(c) Say yes to Overindulgence in Gadgets
(d) The Play Park

II) Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below: (10)

1. Even international students whose first language is English can find themselves struggling to understand an alien academic culture. The problems are very familiar. Students' first problem is often with listening skills. They may feel nervous about this and it is certainly a steep learning curve. They need a structured listening experience, for instance how to pick out the main ideas. They also need help with academic reading —

2. However, while a student's confidence in listening skills grows, it is in the area of academic writing where more serious cultural differences become apparent. Much of British education is based on essay writing, but this may be a demanding task for students from other cultures. Suddenly, they are faced with the need to express their own ideas, develop their opinions and evaluate different issues, all in polished English. For some, the concept of originating this kind of written discourse can prove problematic and they may find themselves scoring low marks because of plagiarism or reproducing someone else's ideas. In Britain, plagiarism is regarded as academic theft, though this is not always the case in other countries. Students are expected to do research in a library before tackling an assignment and simply regurgitating (repeat) lecture notes is also not acceptable.

3. The best way to overcome these hurdles is to be prepared. The first step is to take a test to assess the English language skills needed to cope with the issues of academic culture. If an accredited test indicates that a student's language skills are not sufficient to embark on a university degree, the next step is to consider pre-sessional courses, generally at the university where the student will take a degree. These can last from three weeks to an academic year, so it is wise for students to be realistic about their needs.

4. It is generally accepted that approximately 200 hours of study are needed to improve on one bad score on some tests. Some of the 'new' universities that formed from polytechnics in 1992 are experimenting with new styles of pre-sessional and foundation courses. Elspeth Jones, Director of the Centre for Language Study at Leeds Metropolitan University explains, "Our courses are monthly and so students from parts of the world with a different academic year can enrol at any time." She feels that language training in new universities is generally more flexible than in older institutions. "Universities like ours can take students with lower language test grades and can put them through a programme that will bring them up to the required standard, though we cannot guarantee how long it will take."

(i) **Select the option that depicts what the writer projects, with reference to the following:**(1)

Much of British education is based on essay writing, but this may be a demanding, task for students from other cultures.

- (a) Concern
- (b) Anguish
- (c) Warning
- (d) Exhilaration

(ii) **Why is an essay writing a demanding task?** (2)

(iii) **Complete the following with a phrase from Paragraph 1.** (1)

Even international students whose first language is English can find them struggling _____

(iv) The passage includes some words that are opposites of each other. From the sets (a) – (e) below, identify a set of antonym. (1)

- (a) Assess and evaluate
- (b) Nervous and confidence
- (c) Approach and skim
- (d) Discourse and lecture
- (e) Hurdle and embark

(v) Complete the sentence appropriately. (1)
British education is primarily based on _____

(vi) What according to the author causes international students to score low marks?
State any one reason. (2)

(vii) Choose the option that incorrectly states the meaning of 'accredited' as used in the passage. (1)

1. To credit
2. To thank
3. Officially recognised or authorised
4. To give license
5. Of quality
6. To give an appointment

Codes

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 3 and 4
- (c) 5 and 6
- (d) 3 and 6

(viii) Based on your reading of the text, list any 1 benefit of pre-sessional courses. (1)

SECTION B-Writing Skills and Grammar (20M)

Answer any ONE from the given :

III a) Write a letter to your principal requesting permission to organize a cultural event in your school. (word limit-100-120 words) (5)

OR

b) Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper expressing your concerns about environmental pollution in your city and possible suggestions to overcome it. (word limit-100-120 words)

IV a) Parents today are facing a major problem with their children. They waste most of their time on Facebook and other social networking sites, with the result that their studies and other important activities are neglected. Write an article on this issue taking ideas from the hints given below. **Suggest a suitable title:** (100-150 words)

- Teenagers waste time
- Parents fear of the danger involved
- **Pros** include fast spread of information, source of news, solves crimes, helps students with academic work, improves relationships.
- **Cons** include spread of false information, students waste time, leads to stress, misunderstandings and arguments. Children develop self-centred personalities. Leads to loneliness and depression.

(5)

OR

b) Looking at the increasing obesity among school children write an article on the topic **Increasing Obesity in Children** by taking help from the hints given below. (100-150 words)

- problem of being overweight is common in children.
- sedentary lifestyle of children, watch television, waste time on social networking sites, very little physical exercise.
- eat junk food and drink aerated drinks instead of a balanced diet.
- should be encouraged to do more physical exercises

V) Complete ANY TEN of twelve of the following tasks, as directed. (1×10=10)

(i) Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket, for the given portion of the letter. (1)

Subject : Complaint about a damaged product received

Sir/Ma'am,

I purchased a black top from your online store. I _____ (receive) the product today, and I tried filing a return request as the size is smaller than the one I had ordered and the cloth is torn on the left side.

(ii) Read the given sentence from an article. Identify the error and supply the correction in the sentence. (1)

As we advance into the future, landmarks are sometimes unceremoniously destroyed by the tourist and the residents for their own selfish motives.

Use the given format for your response:

<u>ERROR</u>	<u>CORRECTION</u>

(iii) My neighbourhood is _____ very interesting place. My house is located _____ an area which has many stores and offices. The biggest store is only five minutes' walk from my house. [Fill in the blanks with articles and prepositions] (1)

(iv) Draupadi was one of the _____ women. (beautiful) (Use suitable degree of comparison) (1)

(v) Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line. (1)
You _____ have a university degree to take part in this competition.
(need/mustn't/needn't)

(vi) He returned home _____ a week. (among/between/after) (1)

(vii) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option. (1)
_____ students succeeded in passing than last year.

- (a) Few
- (b) Fewer
- (c) Little
- (d) Much

(viii) Complete the narration of the dialogue between Gautami and Simran. (1)
Gautami- Wow! Your new dress is very beautiful.
Simran- Thank you. My mother gifted it to me on my last birthday.
Gautami exclaimed cheerfully and told Simran _____

- (xi) Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following : (1)
The princely states of Jammu and Kashmir triggered the first undeclared war with Pakistan.

OPTION	ERROR	CORRECTION
A	triggered	triggers
B	states	state
C	The first	first
D	Pakistan	The Pakistan

- x) I _____ basketball quite well, but I haven't had time to practice it since I came to Mumbai. (1)
(a) will play
(b) play
(c) am playing
(d) have played

- (xi) Complete the line from a song, by filling the blank with the correct option. (1)
When you are feeling down
And all you _____ muster up is a frown
That is the time to stop
And count your blessings until you drop.
(a) can
(b) would
(c) shall
(d) must

- (xii) It must be appropriately presented. (rewrite the following using noun form of the word underlined) (1)

SECTION C: LITERATURE (40M)

VII a) Read the extract and answer any ONE of the following:

The veneer had lifted almost everywhere it looked like water damage to me. Both fire and water had clearly taken their toll on this desk. The last drawer was stuck fast. I tried all I could to ease it out gently. In the end I used brute force. I struck it sharply with the side of my fist and the drawer flew open to reveal a shallow space underneath, a secret drawer.

- (i) Who is I in the above passage?
a) narrator b) Jim Macpherson c) Fritz d) Tommy
(ii) What does 'It' denote in the above lines?
a) a desk b) a bench c) a roll-top desk d) a drawer
(iii) What was the condition of the desk?

1x5=5M

- (iv) Where did the speaker find a secret drawer?
 (v) Choose a synonym for the phrase **freedom from pain**
 a) discomfort b) misery c) irritation d) ease out

OR

b) Here we almost come to a full circle where Mr Contractor has derived his own interpretation of Mathematics — taking it from a subject he hated to a subject he now loves dealing with!

- i) What has Mr. Contractor derived his own interpretation of?
 a) Architecture b) Mathematics c) Sociology d) Psychology
 ii) How did Mr. Contractor feel about Mathematics initially?
 iii) What is the significance of the phrase “come to a full circle” in the context of the dialogue?
 a) Mr. Contractor has returned to his original profession
 b) Mr. Contractor has changed his opinion about Mathematics
 c) Mr. Contractor has completed a project
 d) Mr. Contractor has retired
 iv) What does Mr. Contractor now love dealing with?

- What does the transformation in Mr. Contractor’s view of Mathematics signify?
 a) His dislike for all academic subjects
 b) His journey from hatred to appreciation
 c) His consistent love for Mathematics
 d) His indifference towards Mathematics

VIIIA) Read the extract and answer any ONE of the following:

a) Go then,” says the ant, “and dance the winter away.”
 Thus ending, he hastily lifted the wicket,
 And out of the door turned the poor little cricket.
 Folks call this a fable. I’ll warrant it true:
 Some crickets have four legs, and some have two.

- i) What action does the ant take at the end of the stanza?
 a) He gives food to the cricket
 b) He lifts the wicket and turns the cricket out
 c) He invites the cricket inside
 d) He ignores the cricket

- ii) What does the phrase “**dance the winter away**” imply about the cricket’s behaviour?
 a) The cricket should find a new home
 b) The cricket should continue to be carefree and irresponsible
 c) The cricket should work hard
 d) The cricket should seek help from others

- iii) What is the tone of the ant’s response to the cricket?
 a) Sympathetic b) Indifferent c) Mocking d) Encouraging

- iv) What moral lesson can be derived from the ant’s refusal to help the cricket?

- v) The figure of speech used in the line: “**some crickets have four legs, and some have two**” is
 a) Simile b) Personification c) Metaphor d) Hyperbole

OR

VIII B) But it was difficult to understand
that the men on the earth found
causes to hate each other, to build
walls across cities and to kill.
From that height, it was not clear why?

i) The name of the poem is Geography Lesson by _____
a) Zulfikar Ghose b) A fable c) Zulfikar Ali d) William Wordsworth

ii) What does the poet find difficult to understand from a higher perspective?

- a) The beauty of the earth
- b) The causes of human conflicts
- c) The structure of cities
- d) The movement of rivers

iii) Which figure of speech is used in the line "From that height, it was not clear why"?

- a) Simile b) Metaphor c) Personification d) Irony

iv) What does the poet mean by "walls across cities"?

v) What is the main theme of the poem "Geography Lesson"?

(4x3=12)

IX) Answer any FOUR of the following in 50-60 words:

- i) Compare and contrast the characters of Bepin Choudhary and Parimal Ghose in the story "Bepin Choudhury's Lapse of Memory." How do their personalities and actions drive the plot forward?
- ii) How does the story "The Best Christmas Present in the world" explore the theme of hope amidst despair in the lesson?
- iii) Tilly Smith's knowledge and quick thinking during the 2004 Indian Ocean tsunami are remarkable examples of how education and awareness can save lives. Explain.
- iv) What is the central idea of the poem "The Last Bargain"?
- v) What are the various factors that led to the rise of the Indian independence movement as depicted in "Glimpses of the Past"?

X) Answer any TWO of the following in 50-60 words:

(2x3=6)

- i) In Rudyard Kipling's story "How the Camel Got His Hump." How does the camel's behavior lead to his transformation, and what lesson does the story convey about work and responsibility?
- ii) Describe the importance of empathy and compassion as depicted in the story "Children at Work." How do these values influence the characters and their actions?
- iii) What does the story of "The Selfish Giant" convey?

XI) Answer any ONE of the following in 100-120 words: (1x6=6M)

A) Imagine you are a German soldier who participated in the Christmas Day truce. Write a diary entry describing your experiences and emotions on that day.

OR

B) Imagine yourself to be Chunnilal. Pen down your feelings, reflecting on the prank you played on Bepin Babu.

XII) Answer any ONE of the given questions in 100-120 words: (1x6=6M)

A) Analyze how Hafeez Contractor's unconventional approach to learning and problem-solving contributed to his success as an architect. What do you learn from Hafeez's story?

OR

B) In "Children at Work." How does Jaya exemplify resilience and resourcefulness, and what role does she play in Lu's life?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2024-25)
SUBJECT: III LANGUAGE- SANSKRIT

7/C

NAME

Class: VIII SEC.....

Date: 25.9.2024

ROLL NO.

No of Sides: 04

Max Marks: 30

Reading Time: 8:10 to 8:20 am

Writing Time: 8:20 to 9:20 am

खण्ड: क -	अपठित-अवबोधनम् -	5 अङ्काः
खण्ड: ख -	अनुप्रयुक्त-व्याकरणम् -	20 अङ्काः
खण्ड: ग -	पठित - अवबोधनम् -	5 अङ्काः

अपठितावबोधनम्

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत-

एकदा शरीरस्य सर्वाणि इन्द्रियाणि हस्तौ, पादौ, मुखम्, नासिका, कर्णौ इत्यादीनि मिलित्वा अचिन्तयन् - वयं सर्वे प्रतिदिनं परिश्रमं कुर्मः, एतत् उदरं सर्वं करोति, स्वयं किमपि कार्यं न करोति इति। अद्यप्रभृति वयमपि कार्यं न करिष्यामः एवं चिन्तयित्वा सर्वाणि अङ्गानि कार्यम् अत्यजन्। पादौ स्थिरौ भूत्वा अतिष्ठताम्। हस्तौ निश्चलौ अभवताम्। मुखे अन्नकणः न प्राविशत्। एवं द्वे दिने व्यतीते जाते शनैः शनैः सर्वाणि अङ्गानि शिथिलानि अभवन्। कार्यशक्तिः क्षीणा अभवत्। कथमपि पुनः मिलित्वा विचारम् अकुर्वन्। अहो! अस्माकं प्रमादः। भुक्तस्य अन्नस्य पाचनं तु एतदेव अस्मभ्यं शक्तिं ददाति। अस्य कृपया एव वयं जीवामः। अतः अस्माभिः सर्वैः सह सहयोगः करणीयः। नूनं संहतिः एव कार्यसाधिका।

अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत।

$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

१) कार्यसाधिका का भवति ?

२) कार्यशक्तिः कीदृशी अभवत् ?

आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

१) इन्द्रियाणि मिलित्वा किम् अचिन्तयन् ?

इ) यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत ।

1x2=2

१) करिष्यामः इति क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदं किम् ?

अ) अहम् आ) वयम् इ) इन्द्रियाणि ई) त्वम्

२) करौ इत्यर्थे किं पदं प्रयुक्तम् ?

अ) हस्तौ आ) पादौ इ) कर्णौ ई) स्थिरी

अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम्

॥ प्रत्ययं संयोज्य विजोय्य वा लिखत

1 x 5 = 5

१. मार्गमध्ये कालिदासः पुस्तकं हस्ते गृहीत्वा गच्छन्तीं बालिकाम् अपश्यत् ।

अ. ग्रह्+क्त्वा आ. ग्रह्+ल्यप् इ. गृह्णाति+ल्यप् ई. गृहीत्वा+क्त्वा

२. पुरुषः होमकुण्डात् निर्गम्+ल्यप् फलं दास्यति ।

अ. निर्गत्वा आ. निर्गन्तुम् इ. निर्गत्य ई. निरीक्ष्य

३. कश्चन शुकः मां वीक्ष्य मारयत भक्षयामः इति वदति ।

अ. वि+ईक्ष्य आ. वि+ईक्ष्+ल्यप् इ. वि+ईक्ष्+तुमुन् ई. वि+ईक्ष्+क्त्वा

४. एकलव्यः द्रोणस्य पादौ शिरसि कृत्वा स्वभवनम् आगतः ।

अ. कृ+ल्यप् आ. कृ+क्त्वा इ. कृ+तुमुन् ई. कृ+क्त्वा

५. सा कविं दृश्+क्त्वा प्राणमत् ।

अ. दृष्ट्वा आ. दृष्ट्वा इ. दृष्ट्वा ई. दृष्य

III उचितं शब्दरूपं विकल्पेभ्यः चिनुत

1 x 5 x = 5

१. बालिका ----- पुत्री आसीत् ।
अ. कनकलता आ. कनकलतासु इ. कनकलतायाः ई. कनकलते
२. कथायां त्वयं ----- औदार्यं पश्यामः ।
अ. विक्रमम् आ. विक्रमः इ. विक्रमाय ई. विक्रमस्य
३. पुरुष दिव्यं ----- राज्ञे प्रायच्छत् ।
अ. फलम् आ. फलाय इ. फलात् ई. फलेभ्यः
४. एकः द्विजः न्यग्रोधपादपस्य ----- विश्रमितुम् आगच्छत् ।
अ. छायायाम् आ. छाया इ. छायायाः ई. छायाभ्यः
५. द्रोणः अवदत्- -----, त्वं मम शिष्यः असि ।
अ. एकलव्यः आ. एकलव्येन् इ. एकलव्ये ई. एकलव्य

IV उचित-धातुरूपं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।

1 x 5 = 5

१. द्रोणः अवदत्, 'अर्जुन, त्वाम् अहम् लोकोत्तरं धनुर्धरं ----- ।
अ. करोति आ. करिष्यति इ. करिष्यामि ई. करिष्यसि
२. अये विप्र, आवां यमलौ ----- ।
अ. अस्मि आ. स्वः इ. स्मः ई. अस्ति
३. अतिथिः श्रान्तः इह ----- ।
अ. आगच्छति आ. आगच्छसि इ. आगच्छामि ई. आगच्छामः
४. योगी प्राह, त्वं किम् एवं ----- ?
अ. पृच्छति आ. पृच्छसि इ. पृच्छामि ई. पृच्छावः
५. एकलव्यः अपृच्छत् - किम् अहम् ----- ?
अ. प्रदास्यामि आ. प्रदास्यति इ. प्रदास्यामः ई. प्रदास्यसि

V मञ्जूषायाः उचित- अव्ययपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत ।

1 x 5 x = 5

च, एव, इह, प्रति, एकदा

१. स्वगृहे ----- अस्त्रविद्यां शिक्षस्व ।
२. ----- एकः व्याधः जालं प्रसार्य शुकीं अगृह्णात् ।
३. अये ----- पश्यत मानुषः कश्चित् आयाति ।
४. राजा पिता च माता ----- राजा चार्तिहरो गुरुः ।
५. कालिदासः सभां ----- आगच्छत् ।

पठितावबोधनम्

VI अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा उत्तराणि लिखत ।

पुरा भोजभूपालस्य सभायाम् अनेके कवयः आसन् । तेषाम् एकः कालिदासः नाम ।
कालिदासः स्व-प्रतिभया सर्वान् कवीन् अत्यशेत । ततः भोजराजस्य तस्मिन् महानादरः ।
तमेव सः कवीनां चक्रवर्तिनम् अमन्यत । इतरे कवयः ततः असहमानाः परोक्षे भोजभूपतिम्
अनिन्दन् । अयं वृत्तान्तः कथञ्चित् भोजेन श्रुतः ।

अ. एकपदेन उत्तरत -

$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

१. कवयः कम् अनिन्दन्?

२. कालिदासे कस्य महानादरः ?

आ. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -

$1 \times 2 = 2$

१. कवयः कुत्र आसन्?

इ. यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत -

$1 \times 2 = 2$

१. 'प्रत्यक्षे' इति पदस्य विलिम्पदं लिखत ।

२. 'अन्ये' इति पदस्य पर्यायपदं लिखत ।



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2024-25)
SUBJECT - L2-KANNADA

Class: VIII

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ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

1. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು A, B ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A, B, C, D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು, ಒಟ್ಟು 15 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದೆ.
2. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಎ, ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ.
ಅಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 1 ಮತ್ತು 2.
ಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 3 ಮತ್ತು 4.
3. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಬಿ, ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು (ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 5 ರಿಂದ 7.
4. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಸಿ, ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ (ಪತ್ರ, ವರದಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8 ರಿಂದ 10.
5. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಡಿ, (ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 11 ರಿಂದ 15.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ನೀಡಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಭಾಗ- A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	5 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ- B (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	80 ಅಂಕಗಳು

PART - A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ- ಎ

ಪಾಠನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ: 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

ಒಬ್ಬ ಕ್ರೀಡಾಪಟು ಇದ್ದನು. ಅವನಿಗೆ ತರಬೇತುದಾರ ತರಬೇತಿ ನೀಡಿ ಅಪನ ಯಶಸ್ಸಿಗೆ ಸಹಕಾರಿಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದ. ಪಂದ್ಯವಾಡಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಪ್ರತಿಸಲವೂ ತರಬೇತುದಾರ ಆತನ ಜತೆಗೆ ಇದ್ದು ಹುರಿದುಂಬಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದ. ಹಾಗಾಗಿ ಗೆಲುವು ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿರುತ್ತಿತ್ತು. ಆದರೆ ಕ್ರಮೇಣ ಆ ಕ್ರೀಡಾಪಟುವಿಗೆ ತನ್ನ ಬಗ್ಗೆಯೇ ಗರ್ವ ಬರತೊಡಗಿತು. ತರಬೇತುದಾರ ಇರುವುದು ಅವಶ್ಯವೆನಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದೊಂದು ದಿನ ಸಣ್ಣ ಜಗಳವಾಗಿ ತರಬೇತುದಾರನನ್ನು ದೂರ ಮಾಡಿಯೇಬಿಟ್ಟ. ತಾನೊಬ್ಬ ಯಶಸ್ವಿ ಆಟಗಾರನೆಂಬ ಪೂರ್ಣ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಆತನ ಮನದಲ್ಲಿ ಮನೆ ಮಾಡಿತ್ತು.

ಅಂದು ಕ್ರೀಡಾಂಗಣಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದ ಕ್ರೀಡಾಪಟುವಿಗೆ ಇನ್ನೇನು ಪಂದ್ಯ ಶುರುವಾಗಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವಾಗ ಹಿಂದಿನ ದಿನದ ಯಾವುದೋ ಘಟನೆ ನೆನಪಾಗಿ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನಲ್ಲಿ ತಳಮಳ ಉಂಟಾಯಿತು. ಥಟ್ಟನೆ ತರಬೇತುದಾರನ ನೆನಪಾಯಿತು. ಆತನನ್ನು ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಮನಸ್ಸಿಗೆ ಸಮಾಧಾನವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎನಿಸಿ ಎಲ್ಲ ಕಡೆ ನೋಡಿದನು. ಆದರೆ ಅಂದು ತರಬೇತುದಾರ ಬಂದಿರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಾಗೋ ಹೀಗೋ ಮಾಡಿ ಆಡಿ ಮುಗಿಸಿದ ಆದರೆ ಗೆಲುವು ಸಿಗಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಆಗ ಅವನಿಗೆ ತರಬೇತುದಾರನ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆ ಮನದಟ್ಟಾಯಿತು. ಗುರುವಿನಿಂದ ವಿದ್ಯೆ ಕಲಿತ ಮೇಲೆ ತಾವೀಗ ಎಲ್ಲವನ್ನೂ ಬಲ್ಲವರೆಂದು ಭಾವಿಸಿ ಗುರುವಿನಿಂದ ದೂರವಾಗುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಆದರೆ ಎಷ್ಟೇ ಎತ್ತರಕ್ಕೆ ಬೆಳೆದರೂ ಪ್ರತಿ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲೂ ಗುರುವಿನ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನ ಬೇಕೇಬೇಕು.

ಏನನ್ನಾದರೂ ಸಾಧಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಗುರಿಯಿರಬೇಕು. ಗುರಿ ತಲುಪಲು ಸಾಧಿಸುವ ಛಲ , ಬುದ್ಧಿಯ ಬಲ ಎರಡು ಸಾಕೆನ್ನುವುದು ಮೂರ್ಖತನ. ಯಾಕೆಂದರೆ ಬುದ್ಧಿ ಯಾವಾಗ ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಕೆಡಬಹುದು. ಛಲ ಒಂದೇ ಸಲ ಕುಸಿಯಬಹುದು. ನಮ್ಮ ಬುದ್ಧಿ ಮತ್ತು ಛಲ ಎರಡು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಲು ಗುರುವಿರಬೇಕು.

ಬಾಲಕ ರಾಮನಿಗೆ ತಾಟಕಿ ಎಂಬ ರಾಕ್ಷಸಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಲ್ಲಲು ಗುರು ವಿಶ್ವಾಮಿತ್ರರ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನ, ಮೌರ್ಯ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲು ಚಂದ್ರಗುಪ್ತನಿಗೆ ಚಾಣಕ್ಯನ ರಾಜನೀತಿ , ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲು ಹಕ್ಕಬುಕ್ಕರಿಗೆ ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯರ ಪ್ರೇರಣೆ ಹೀಗೆ ಗುರುಬಲವಿದ್ದರೇ ಕಾರ್ಯಸಾಧನೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

1. ಏನನ್ನಾದರೂ ಸಾಧಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ _____ ಇರಬೇಕು.

(A) ಆಸೆ (B) ಹಣ (C) ಗುರಿ (D)ವಿದ್ಯೆ

2. ತರಬೇತುದಾರ ತರಬೇತಿ ನೀಡಿ _____ ಸಹಕಾರಿಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದನು.

(A) ತರಬೇತಿಗೆ (B) ಆಟಕ್ಕೆ (C) ಅಪಜಯಕ್ಕೆ (D) ಯಶಸ್ಸಿಗೆ

3. ಮೌರ್ಯ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲು _____ ರಾಜನೀತಿ ಸಹಾಯವಾಯಿತು.

(A) ರಾಮನ (B) ಚಾಣಕ್ಯನ (C) ತಾಟಕಿ (D) ವಿದ್ಯಾರಣ್ಯರ

4. ಎಷ್ಟೇ ಎತ್ತರಕ್ಕೆ ಬೆಳೆದರೂ ಪ್ರತಿ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲೂ ಗುರುವಿನ _____ ಬೇಕೇಬೇಕು.

(A) ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನ (B) ದಾರಿ (C) ಗೆಳೆತನ (D) ಸಲಿಗೆ

5. ಕ್ರೀಡಾಪಟುವಿಗೆ ತನ್ನ ಬಗ್ಗೆಯೇ _____ ಬರತೊಡಗಿತು.

(A) ದುರಾಸೆ (B) ವಿಶ್ವಾಸ (C) ಗರ್ವ (D) ಅಭಿಮಾನ

II. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ

ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

ದಟ್ಟು ಅರಣ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಥಕನೆಂಬ ಬೇಡನಿದ್ದನು. ಅವನೊಂದು ದಿನ ಬೇಟೆಗೆಂದು ಕಾಡಿಗೆ ಹೋದನು. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ವಯಸ್ಸಾದ ಒಂದು ಹುಲಿಯನ್ನು ಕಂಡನು. ಅದನ್ನು ಹೊಡೆಯಲು ಹೋದನು. ಬಾಣದ ಗುರಿ ತಪ್ಪಿದಾಗ ಹುಲಿಯು ಅವನನ್ನು ಅಟ್ಟಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಂತು. ಆಗ ಅವನು ವೇಗವಾಗಿ ಓಡಿ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನದಲ್ಲಿ ಮರವೊಂದನ್ನು ಹತ್ತಿದನು. ಆ ಮರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಪಿಗಳ ಗುಂಪು ವಾಸವಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಮರದ ಕೊಂಬೆಯನ್ನು ಹಿಡಿದು ಮೇಲಕ್ಕೇರುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ಬೇಡನನ್ನು ಕಂಡು ಒಂದು ಕಪಿ ತನ್ನ ಕೈನೀಡಿ ರಕ್ಷಿಸಿತು.

ಇದನ್ನು ಕಂಡ ಹುಲಿ 'ಎಲೆ ಕಪಿಯೇ ! ನೀನು ಮನುಷ್ಯನನ್ನು ಹತ್ತಿರ ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನನಗೆ ಸಿಗದಂತೆ ದೂರಗೊಳಿಸಬೇಡ. ಅವನು ಮಹಾಪಾತಕನು, ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಘಾತಕನು, ಅನುಕೂಲ ಸಿಂಧೂ, ಸಮಯ ಬಂದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿನಗೂ ಕೇಡನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡುವನು. ಅದರಿಂದ ಇವನನ್ನು ಕೆಳಕ್ಕೆ ಬೀಳಿಸು ಕೊಂದು ತಿಂದು ಬಿಡುವೆ' ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿತು. ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಆ ಕಪಿ ಕುಪಿತನಾಗಿ 'ಶರಣು ಬಂದವನನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪಿಸಲಾರೆ. ನೀನು ಬಂದ ದಾರಿ ಹಿಡಿದು ಹೊರಡು' ಎಂದಿತು.

ಮತ್ತೊಮ್ಮೆ ಹುಲಿ " ಎಲೈ ಕಪಿರಾಯ ! ನನ್ನ ಮಾತು ಕೇಳದೆ ನೀನು ಈ ದುಷ್ಕನನ್ನು ಕಾಪಾಡಿದರೆ ನಿನಗೆ ಅಪಕಾರವನ್ನೇ ಮಾಡುವನು 'ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ಹೊರಟುಹೋಯಿತು. ಹುಲಿ ಹೋದ ನಂತರ ಕಪಿಯು ಬೇಡನಿಗೆ ಹಸಿವಾಗಿರಬಹುದೆಂದು ಹಣ್ಣು ಹಂಪಲು ತರಲು ಹೋಯಿತು. ಆಗ ಆ ಪಾಪಿ ಬೇಡನು ಆ ಕಪಿ ಮರಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕಂಡು ಅವು ನನ್ನ ಕುಟುಂಬಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದರೆಡು ದಿನದ ಆಹಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಹಣವೆಂದು ಮಾರಲು ಸಂತೆಗೆ ಕೊಂಡು ಹೋದನು.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

1. ಕಪಿಯು ಬೇಡನಿಗೆ ಹಸಿವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು _____ ತರಲು ಹೋಯಿತು.

(A) ಹಾಲು -ಜೇನು (B) ಅನ್ನಸಾರು (C) ಹಣ್ಣುಹಂಪಲು (D) ರೊಟ್ಟಿಚಟ್ಟಿ

2. ದಟ್ಟು ಅರಣ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ _____ ಎಂಬ ಬೇಡನಿದ್ದನು.

(A) ಕಥಕ (B) ಕನಕ (C) ಕಟಕ (D) ಕಥಕ

3. ಹುಲಿಯಿಂದ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿಕೊಂಡ ಬೇಡನು _____ ಏರಿದನು.

(A) ಮರ (B) ಕಂಬ (C) ಮನೆ (D) ಬೆಟ್ಟ

4. ಕಪಿಯು 'ಕುಪಿತನಾಗಿ _____ ಬಂದವನನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪಿಸಲಾರೆ' ಎಂದಿತು.

(A) ಓಡಿ (B) ತಪ್ಪಿ (C) ಕೇಳಿ (D) ಶರಣು

5. "ನನ್ನ ಮಾತು ಕೇಳದೆ ನೀನು ದುಷ್ಟನನ್ನು ಕಾಪಾಡಿದರೆ ನಿನಗೆ ಅಪಕಾರವನ್ನೇ

ಮಾಡುವೆನು" ಎಂದವರು _____

(A) ಹುಲಿ

(B) ಕವಿ

(C) ಬೇಡ

(D) ಯಾರು ಅಲ್ಲ

III. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ 'ಮಾಸ್ತಿ ವೆಂಕಟೇಶ್ ಅಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್' ಅವರು ಬರೆದಿರುವ

'ಯಶೋಧರೆ' ಎಂಬ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ

ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

(ಯಶೋಧರೆ ಪಠದ ಅಡಿಗೆ ತಲೆಯಿಟ್ಟು ದುಃಖಿಸುವಳು. ರಾಹಿಲನು ಹೊಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದು ಪೀಠದ ಮೇಲೆ ಹಾಕುವನು. ತಾಯಿಯ ಹೆರಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಹೂವನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟು ಸೊಗಸು ನೋಡುವನು. ಅದೇ ವೇಳೆಗೆ ರಾಜನೂ ಅಂಬಿಕೆಯೂ ಬರುವರು.)

ರಾಜ : ಅಮ್ಮಾಜಿ, ಬಂದಿಹೆನು.

ಯಶೋಧರೆ : (ಎದ್ದು ಬಂದು ನಮಸ್ಕರಿಸಿ) ಪೀಠವನು ಕೊಳಬೇಕು.

ನಾನು ಬಹುದಿನದಿಂದ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಬೇಡುತ್ತಲಿದ್ದೆ. ಸೋದರಿಯ ಸುತ್ತೆಯೆಂದು

ಎಳೆತನದಲೇ ನನ್ನ ಕರೆತಂದಿರಿ, ಸಾಕಿ ಸಲಹಿದಿರಿ: ಸೊಸೆಯಾಗಿ ಬಾಳನು

ಉದ್ಧರಿಸಿದಿರಿ. ಕನಸಿನಲಿ ಎಣಿಸಲಾಗದ ಸೌಖ್ಯಗಳ ನಾನು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಅರಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ

ಅನುಭವಿಸಿ ಸುಖಿಸಿದನು.

ರಾಜ : ನನ್ನ ಅರಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ.

ಯಶೋಧರೆ : ನಮ್ಮ ಅರಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ.

ನಿಮ್ಮ ಐಶ್ವರ್ಯದಲಿ ಕಣಮಾತ್ರವನು ನನಗೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿವೆನ್ನದೆ ನನನ ಪರಿಪಾಲಿಸಿದಿರಿ.

ಪತಿಯನ್ನಿತ್ತಿರಿ; ಬಾಲದೇವರಾಗಿರಲೆಂದು; ಪತಿಯನ್ನೊಮ್ಮೆ ನೀಡಿದಿರಿ; ನನ್ನ ರಕ್ಷಿಸಿರಿ.

ರಾಜ : ಏನಮಾಡೆಂದು ಕೇಳುವೆ?

ಯಶೋಧರೆ: ನಮ್ಮ ಅಣ್ಣಾಜಿ ತಂದೆಯನು ಕರೆತರಲು ಹೋಗುವೆನು ಎನಲಾಗಿ ನೀವು ಒಪ್ಪಿದಿರಂತೆ.

ನಾನು ನಿಮ್ಮನು ಮೊದಲೆ ಬೇಡಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೆ. ನಾನವರೆಡೆಗೆ ಹೋಗುವೆನು ಇವನ್ನನ್ನಿಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ನಿಲಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಿರಿ.

ರಾಜ: ಅಮ್ಮಾಜಿ, ಬಾಲಕನು ತಂದೆಯನು ಕರೆತರುವೆನೆಂದೆನಲು ಕೇವಲ ವಿನೋದದಲಿ

ಆಗಬಹುದೆಂದೆನು. ನಮ್ಮ ಕುವರನ ಕರೆದುತರಬೇಕು ಎನಲಾಗಿ ಹೋಹ ಬೇಹಿಲ್ಲವೇ?

ಎಳೆಯನನು ಕಳುಹುವರೆ?

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

೧. ರಾಹುಲನು ಯಾರನ್ನು ಕರೆತರಲು ಹೋಗುವೆನು ಎಂದನು?

೨. ಸೋದರಿಯ ಸುತ್ತೆ ಯಾರು?

೩. ಯಶೋಧರೆಯು ದುಃಖಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾಗ ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಯಾರು ಯಾರು ಬಂದರು?

೪. ತಾಯಿಯ ಹೆರಳಿಗೆ ಹೂವನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟವರು ಯಾರು ?

೫. ಯಶೋಧರೆಯು ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಎಡೆಸಲಾಗಿದೆ ಸೌಖ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಭವಿಸಿದಳು?

IV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು ರಚಿಸಿರುವ 'ಬೇವು ಬೆಲ್ಲದೊಳಿಡಲೇನು ಫಲ' ಪರಿತ ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಅತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

ಬೇವು ಬೆಲ್ಲದೊಳಿಡಲೇನು ಫಲ

ಹಾವಿಗೆ ಹಾಲೆರೆದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಕುಟಿಲವ ಬಿಡದಿಹ ಕುಜನರು ಮಂತ್ರವ

ಪರನೆಯ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಸಟೆಯನ್ನಾಡುವ ಮನುಜರು ಮನದಲಿ

ವಿರಲನ ನೆನೆದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಮಾತಾ-ಪಿತರನು ಬಳಲಿಸುವಾತನು

ಯಾತ್ರೆಯ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಘಾತಕತನವನು ಬಿಡದೆ ನಿರಂತರ

ಗೀತೆಯನೋದಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಕಪಟತನದಲಿ ಕಾಡುವವರೆಲ್ಲರು

ಜಪಗಳ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಕುಪಿತಬುದ್ಧಿಯನು ಬಿಡದೆ ನಿರಂತರ

ಉಪವಾಸ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಹೀನಕೃತ್ಯಗಳ ಮಾಡುತ್ತ ನದಿಯಲಿ

ಸ್ನಾನವ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಶ್ರೀನಿಧಿ ಪುರಂದರವಿರಲನ ನೆನೆಯದೆ

ಮೌನವ ಮಾಡಿದರೇನು ಫಲ

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

1. ಘಾತಕತನವನು ಬಿಡದೆ ನಿರಂತರ ಏನನ್ನು ಓದಿದರೆ ಫಲವಿಲ್ಲ?
2. ನದಿಯಲಿ ಸ್ನಾನ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಫಲವಿಲ್ಲದಿರುವುದು ಯಾವಾಗ?

5. " 3. ಕುಟಿಲವೆ ಬಿಡದಿಹ ಕುಜನೆರು ಏನೆನ್ನು ಪೆಲನೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಫಲ ಸಿಗದು?
 4. ಯಾರನ್ನು ನೆನೆಯದೆ ಮೌನವೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಫಲ ಸಿಗದು?
 5. ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಜಪದ ಫಲ ಸಿಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ?

III.

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ವಿಭಾಗ-ಬಿ

ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ- 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

V. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು

ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

10X1=10

1. 'ಮೇಧಾವಿ' - ಪದದ ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ:

- (A) ಗುಣವಂತ (B) ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತ (C) ಬಲವಂತ (D) ಹಣವಂತ

2. 'ಕಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ' - ಈ ಪದದಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ:

- (A) ಪ್ರಥಮಾ (B) ಷಷ್ಠೀ (C) ಸಪ್ತಮೀ (D) ತೃತೀಯಾ

3. ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು ನೀರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಳುಗಿ ಮುಳುಗಿ ಎದ್ದು ಪಟಪಟ ರೆಕ್ಕೆ ಬಡಿಯುತ್ತಾ

ಹಾರಿದವು. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ದ್ವಿರುಕ್ತಿ ಪದವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ

- (A) ಮುಳುಗಿ ಮುಳುಗಿ (B) ಪಟ ಪಟ
(C) ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು ಹಾರಿದವು (D) ಬಡಿಯುತ್ತಾ ರೆಕ್ಕೆ

4. 'ಚಕ್ರಾಧಿಪತಿ' - ಪದವು ಈ ಸಂಧಿಗೆ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ:

- (A) ಗುಣಸಂಧಿ (B) ಆದೇಶಸಂಧಿ (C) ಆಗಮಸಂಧಿ (D) ಸರ್ವಣದೀರ್ಘಸಂಧಿ

5. 'ಪುಣ್ಯ' - ಪದದ ವಿರುದ್ಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ:

- (A) ಫಲ (B) ಪಾಪ (C) ಪಾದ (D) ಕೆಲಸ

6. ಜಿಂಕೆಯು ಸಾಧು ಪ್ರಾಣಿ. ಅದು ಶುದ್ಧ ಸಸ್ಯಾಹಾರಿ. ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿನ ರೂಢನಾಮ -
 ಸರ್ವನಾಮಪದ

- (A) ಜಿಂಕೆ- ಸಾಧು (B) ಸಾಧು - ಪ್ರಾಣಿ (C) ಶುದ್ಧ-ಜಿಂಕೆ (D) ಜಿಂಕೆ- ಅದು

7. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯು ಸಮಾಜದಲ್ಲಿ ರೋಗ-ರುಜಿನ ಹರಡದಂತೆ ತಡೆಯುತ್ತದೆ. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿನ
 ಜೋಡಿಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- (A) ರೋಗ-ರುಜಿನ (B) ರುಜಿನ-ಹರಡು (C) ಸಮಾಜ- ರೋಗ (D) ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆ-ಸಮಾಜ

8. 'ಫಲ-ಪಲ' - ಈ ಪದಗಳ ಅರ್ಥವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸ:

- (A) ಹಣ್ಣು - ಹಾಲು (B) ಹಾಲು - ಹಾಡು
(C) ಹಣ್ಣು - ಮಾಂಸ (D) ಮಾಂಸ - ಮೂಳೆ

9. ರಾಜ್ಯ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡಿದನು. ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಧಾತು:

- (A) ನೀಡಿ (B) ನೀಡು (C) ನೀಡು (D) ನೀಡಿದೆ

10. 'ಕಾರ್ಯ' - ಪದದ ತದ್ಭವ ರೂಪ:

- (A) ಕಜ್ಜು (B) ಕಾರ್ಯ (C) ಕೆಜ್ಜು (D) ಕೆಲಸ

VI. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

1. ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಿಯು ಇಂದು ಬಹಳ ಹಣ ಗಳಿಸಿದನು. (ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದ ವಚನವನ್ನು ಬದಲಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)
2. ಗಿಡವಾಗಿ ಬಗ್ಗಿದ್ದು ಮರವಾಗಿ ಬಗ್ಗಿತೇ (ಈ ಗಾಡೆಮಾತಿನ ಒಳ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)
3. ಅಜ್ಜಿಯು ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಕಥೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾಳೆ. (ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಭೂತಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಬದಲಿಸಿ)
4. ಸನ್ಯಾಸಿಯು ಎಲ್ಲವನ್ನೂ ತೊರೆದು ಬದುಕುವನು. (ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದ ಲಿಂಗ ಬದಲಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)
5. ಅಗ್ನಿಸಂಚಾರ - (ಈ ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತವಾಕ್ಯ ಮಾಡಿ)

VII. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ

ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

1. ಗಾಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ತೂರಿದಾಗ _____ ಬೆಳೆಯುವಲ್ಲಿ ಬೀಳಬೇಕು.

- (A) ಭತ್ತ (B) ಗೋಧಿ (C) ರಾಗಿ (D) ಕಬ್ಬು

2. ಮುದುಕನ ಮಗಳ ಹೆಸರು _____

- (A) ಶಾಂತಿ (B) ವಿಜಯ (C) ಸೀತೆ (D) ಸಾವಿತ್ರಿ

3. ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹರಿಯಬಿಟ್ಟಾಗ _____ ಸಿಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- (A) ಮೀನಿಗೆ (B) ಮೊಸಳೆಗೆ (C) ಆಮೆಗೆ (D) ತಾವರೆಗೆ

4. ದೇಹವು _____ ನೆನೆದು ವ್ಯರ್ಥವಾಗಿದೆ.

- (A) ಹಸಿವು (B) ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ (C) ಉಪಕಾರ (D) ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ

5. ವರದಕ್ಷಿಣೆಯ ಪಿಶಾಚಿ _____ ಬಲಿ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿತು.

- (A) ವಿಜಯಳನ್ನು (B) ಪ್ರಿಯಳನ್ನು (C) ಶಾಂತಿಯನ್ನು (D) ಸೀತೆಯನ್ನು

PART- B: (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಸಿ

ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ : 12 ಅಂಕಗಳು

VIII. ನೀವು ಭೇಟಿ ಮಾಡಿದ ಪ್ರವಾಸಿ ಸ್ಥಳದ ಅನುಭವವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸುತ್ತಾ ನಿಮ್ಮ

ಗೆಳೆಯ/ಗೆಳತಿಗೊಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

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IX. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯ ಕುರಿತು ವರದಿ ತಯಾರಿಸಿ. 4

X. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 4

1. ಜಲ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣೆ
2. ಗ್ರಂಥಾಲಯದ ಮಹತ್ವ
3. ಯೋಗಾಭ್ಯಾಸದ ಮಹತ್ವ

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಡಿ

ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ: 28 ಅಂಕಗಳು

XI. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

4X2=8

1. ಮಿಠಾಯಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಅತಿಥಿಗಳ ಆಕ್ಷೇಪವೇನು?
2. ಭಟ ಮತ್ತು ದ್ವಿಜರ ಲಕ್ಷಣಗಳೇನು?
3. ಯುವಕನು ಬಡವರ ಹುಡುಗಿಯನ್ನು ಮದುವೆಯಾಗದಿರಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು?
4. ಬೂದಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿಡುವುದರಿಂದ ಬದುಕು ಧನ್ಯವಾಗುವುದು ಹೇಗೆ? - ವಿವರಿಸಿ

XII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 5-6 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1. ಕನ್ನಡ ತಾಯಿಯನ್ನು ಮರೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ ಏಕೆ?
2. ನವೀನ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ವೈಶಿಷ್ಟ್ಯಗಳೇನು?

XIII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಹಾಗೂ ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯದೊಡನೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1 "ನಿಮ್ಮ ಹಳೆಯ ಶಿಷ್ಯನಿಗೆ ಇದೊಂದು ಉಪಕಾರ ಮಾಡಿ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಹೊಲಿ ನಿನ್ನ ತುಟಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಂಕುತಿಮ್ಮ"

2. "ನಮ್ಮ ಮನಮನೊಂದೆ ಕಲಸು"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಸದ್ವರ್ಮದಾ ಸತಿಯೇ ಸರ್ವಕೆ ಸಾಧನಂ"

XIV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಡಿ.ವಿ.ಜಿ ಅವರ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿತ್ವವನ್ನು ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಅಥವಾ

ರಹೀಮನಿಗೆ ಮಗ್ಯದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ದ್ವೇಷ ಉಂಟಾಗಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು?

XV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಕನ್ನಡ ನಾಡಿನ ಕವಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಕಲೆಯ ಮಹತ್ವವೇನು? ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

ಅಥವಾ

ರಾಜನಾದವನ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯವೇನು? ಬಡವ ಬಲ್ಲಿದನಾಗುವನು ಎಂಬುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕವಿ

ನೀಡಿರುವ ನಿದರ್ಶನಗಳಾವುವು?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2024-25)
SUBJECT: III LANGUAGE HINDI

NAME

Class: VIII SEC.....

Max Marks: 30

Date: 25.9.2024

Reading Time: 8:10 to 8:20 am

ROLL NO.....

Writing Time: 8:20 to 9:20 am

No of Sides:04

1	2	3	4	5	6	TOTAL

सामान्य निर्देश: निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए।

1. प्रश्न-पत्र को तीन खंडों में विभाजित किया गया है-क, ख एवं ग।
2. खंड क में अपठित गद्यांश पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-5)
3. खंड ख में व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-8)
4. खंड ग में पाठ्य पुस्तकों पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-17)
5. यथासंभव प्रत्येक खंड के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रम से लिखिए।

(खंड-क)

I. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाइए।

(5)

एक समय की बात है, एक छोटा सा गाँव था, जहाँ सभी लोग मिलजुलकर और शांति से रहते थे। गाँव के बाहर एक जंगल था, जहाँ एक बूढ़ा शेर रहता था। शेर बहुत ही शक्तिशाली था और गाँव के लोग उससे बहुत डरते थे। एक दिन, शेर गाँव में घुस आया और उसने एक गाय को मार डाला। गाँव के लोग बहुत डर गए और उन्होंने तय किया कि शेर को मार देंगे। उन्होंने शेर को पकड़ने के लिए एक जाल बनाया। अगले दिन, शेर जाल में फँस गया। गाँव के लोग बहुत खुश हुए और उन्होंने शेर को मारने का फैसला किया। लेकिन एक बुद्धिमान बूढ़ी औरत ने कहा, "शेर को मारना गलत होगा। वह सिर्फ भूखा था और उसने खाना ढूँढने के लिए गाँव में घुसने की कोशिश की।" बूढ़ी औरत की बात सुनकर गाँव के लोग मान गए। उन्होंने शेर को जाल से बाहर निकाला और उसे गाँव से बाहर जाने के लिए कहा। शेर खुश हो गया और वह जंगल में चला गया।

क. गाँव के लोग किससे डरते थे?

(i) एक छोटी सी गाय से

(ii) एक बूढ़े शेर से

(iii) एक बुद्धिमान बूढ़ी औरत से

(iii) गाँव के बाहर के एक जंगल से

ख. शेर गाँव में क्यों घुसा था?

(i) वह खाना ढूँढ रहा था

(ii) वह खेलने के लिए आया था

(iii) वह गाँव के लोगों को डराना चाहता था

(iv) वह गाँव के लोगों से दोस्ती करना चाहता था

ग. गाँव के लोगों ने शेर को पकड़ने के लिए क्या किया?

(i) उन्होंने शेर को पकड़ने के लिए एक जाल बनाया

(ii) उन्होंने शेर को मारने के लिए एक तीर चलाया

- (iii) उन्होंने शेर को पकड़ने के लिए एक कुत्ते को भेजा
(iv) उन्होंने शेर को पकड़ने के लिए उसे एक जाल में फँसाया

घ. बुद्धिमान बूढ़ी औरत ने क्या कहा?

- (i) शेर को मारना गलत होगा
(ii) शेर को गाँव से बाहर निकालना चाहिए
(iii) शेर को एक सबक सिखाना चाहिए
(iv) शेर को गाँव में रहने देना चाहिए

ङ. शेर खुश होकर कहाँ चला गया?

- (i) गाँव
(ii) जंगल
(iii) शहर
(iv) घर

खंड-ख-(व्याकरण)

II. क. दिए गए शब्दों के एक-एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

(2)

- (i) विहग - _____ (ii) गरीब - _____
(iii) कोशिश - _____ (iv) साँप - _____

ख. दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए।

(2)

- (i) मधुर x - _____ (ii) कठोर x - _____
(iii) हार x - _____ (iv) विरोधी x - _____

ग. दिए गए अनेकार्थी शब्दों के दो-दो अर्थ लिखिए।

(2)

- (i) स्वर - _____ (ii) हार - _____

घ. दिए गए वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर वाक्यों को फिर से लिखिए।

(2)

- (i) बुढ़िया जाड़े की रात काट रही थी।

- (ii) गरीब आदमी का लड़का बीमार था।

(खंड-ग)

III. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर पर सही ☒ का निशान लगाइए।

(4x1=4)

क. धीरे-धीरे कौन हँसने लगी?

- (i) निशा
(ii) विभा
(iii) उषा
(iv) इनमें से कोई नहीं

ख. कैलाश को किसका शोक था?

- (i) खेलने का (ii) धूमने का (iii) संगीत सुनने का (iv) सौंप पालने का

ग. नन्हीं चींटी से हमें क्या शिक्षा मिलती है?

- (i) गिरने की (ii) ठहरने की
(iii) एक साथ चलने की (iv) लगातार मेहनत करने की

घ. बड़े साहब की नज़र किस पर लगी थी?

- (i) नारद जी पर (ii) उनकी वीणा पर
(iii) उनकी माला पर (iv) उनकी वेशभूषा पर

IV) नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाइए।

(5)

प्रकृति का अनुपम सौंदर्य देखकर ऐसा लग रहा है मानो प्रभु ने अपनी सौंदर्य सृष्टि कल्पना को साकार रूप देने के लिए सर्वप्रथम मनाली को ही चुना हो। बर्फ़ से ढँका पर्वत सुबह की सूर्य रश्मियों से सोने के समान चमक रहा है। पर्वत कभी दूर तो कभी पास दिखने लगते हैं। सूर्य की गरमी के प्रभाव से बर्फ़ गलकर जल के रूप में नीचे की ओर प्रवाहित हो रही है। पर्वत, ग्लेशियर, जंगल, नदी, फलों, गेहूँ के खेतों इत्यादि के सामूहिक रूप का जो चित्र बन रहा है, उसके आकर्षण से यहाँ आने वाला बरबस सम्मोहित हो जाता है।

क. पाठ का नाम

- (i) पहाड़ों की रानी – मनाली (ii) पहाड़ों की बेटी – मनाली
(iii) पहाड़ों की बहू – मनाली (iv) पहाड़ों की देवरानी – मनाली

ख. बर्फ़ से ढँका पर्वत किस के समान चमक रहा है?

- (i) चाँदी के समान (ii) सोने के समान
(iii) पानी के समान (iv) दूध के समान

ग. किसने अपनी सौंदर्य सृष्टि कल्पना को साकार रूप देने के लिए सर्वप्रथम मनाली को ही चुना होगा?

- (i) सेवक ने (ii) गुरु ने (iii) दानव ने (iv) प्रभु ने

घ. पर्वत कभी -----तो कभी -----दिखने लगते हैं।

- (i) नीचे तो कभी ऊपर (ii) कभी दूर तो कभी पास
(iii) सामने तो कभी पीछे (iv) ऊँचे तो कभी नीचे

ङ. सूर्य की गरमी के प्रभाव से बर्फ़ गलकर किसके रूप में नीचे की ओर प्रवाहित हो रही है?

- (i) शहद (ii) चीनी (iii) पानी (iv) दही

v) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर संक्षेप में दीजिए ।

(4×1=4)

क) फ़ाइल में से क्या आवाज़ आई?

ख) किनकी हार नहीं होती?

ग) डॉक्टर चड्ढा कहाँ जाने के लिए तैयार हो रहे थे?

घ) पूर्व दिशा की लालिमा की तुलना किससे की गई है?

vi) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर विस्तार से दीजिए।

(2×2=4)

क) डाक्टर चड्ढा के बेटे को किसने बचाया?

ख) सरकारी दफ़्तर में 25-30 कमरों में घूमने पर नारद जी ने क्या सोचा?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

Half Yearly Examination 2024-25

Subject: Mathematics

Class: 8

Max Marks: 80

Date: 23-09-2024

Reading Time: 8 to 8.15am

No of printed sides:6

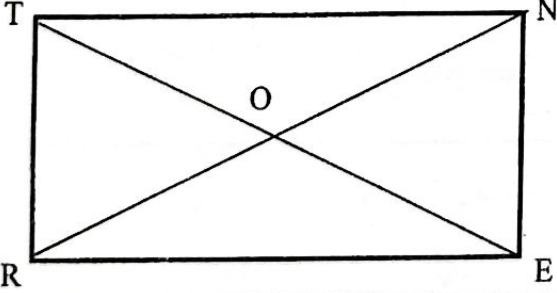
Writing Time: 8.15 to 11.15am

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your name, roll number, class and section, date and subject clearly in your answer script.
- This question paper contains five Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A consists of 20 MCQs of 1 mark each.
- Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.
- Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each.
- Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each.
- Section E consists of 3 case based integrated units of assessment questions of 4 marks with subparts of the values of 1, 2 and 1 mark each respectively.
- All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice has been provided in 2 questions in Section B, 2 questions in Section C, 2 questions in Section D, 3 questions in Section E have been provided.

Sl No.	Section A	Marks
1.	Which one of the following is the negative rational number? a. $\frac{-1}{-7}$ b. $-(\frac{-8}{7})$ c. $\frac{4}{-7}$ d. $(\frac{-5}{-17})$	1
2.	How many solutions are there for a linear equation with one variable? a. two b. one c. three d. none	1
3.	_____ is the square of 1.9 a. 19 b. 36.1 c. 361 d. 3.61	1
4.	The measure of the sum of the four angles of a quadrilateral is always _____. a. equal to 360° b. more than 360° c. less than 360° d. equal to 180°	1
5.	The product of a rational number and its reciprocal is always a. 0 b. 1 c. rational number itself d. none of these	1

6.	The numerical value of a rational number irrespective of its sign is called its _____. a. additive inverse b. multiplicative inverse c. absolute value d. reciprocal	1
7.	If four-fifths of a number is 84, then find the number. a. 105 b. 60 c. 1 d. 0	1
8.	How many number of digits are there in the square root of 3,721? a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4	1
9.	If three angles of a quadrilateral are 45° , 105° and 80° then the measure of the fourth angle is _____. a. 130° b. 150° c. 100° d. 160°	1
10.	A closed figure bounded by four line-segments is called _____. a. hexagon b. quadrilateral c. triangle d. octagon	1
11.	_____ is a parallelogram with all four sides equal. a. square b. rhombus c. both (a) and (b) d. none of these	1
12.	The range of the data is 7 and the lowest observation of the data is 14. Then the highest observation is _____. a. 21 b. 12 c. 14 d. 7	1
13.	The height of a bar in a bar graph shows the _____ of the corresponding observations. a. mean b. median c. mode d. frequency	1
14.	If $x = 20$ and $y = 40$, then x and y are: a. Directly proportional b. Inversely proportional c. Neither directly nor inversely proportional d. Cannot be determined	1
15.	Data collected through a survey is called _____. a. grouped data b. ungrouped data c. raw data d. all of these	1
16.	If $x - 2y = 0$, then x and y are in _____. a. direct proportion b. inverse proportion c. neither direct nor inverse d. none of these	1
17.	If $x \propto y$ and $x_1 = 5$, $y_1 = 210$ and $x_2 = 2$, then the value of y_2 is _____. a. 200 b. 84 c. 99 d. 70	1
18.	_____ is a parallelogram with two pairs of equal adjacent sides. a. kite b. rectangle c. square d. trapezium	1

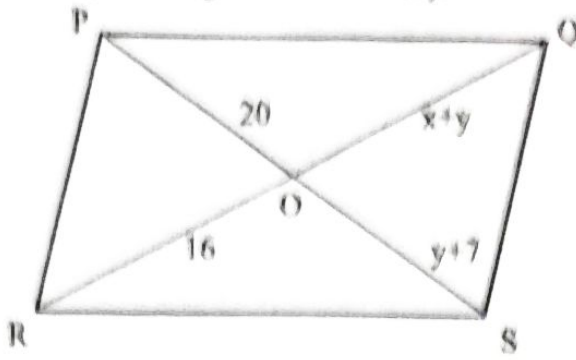
19.	<p>Assertion: Two quantities x and y are said to vary in inverse proportion, if there exists a relation of the type $x \propto \frac{1}{y}$</p> <p>Reason: $x_1x_2 = y_1y_2 = k$ (constant)</p> <p>a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.</p> <p>b. Both assertion and reason are correct but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.</p> <p>c. Assertion is correct but reason is false.</p> <p>d. Both assertion and reason are false.</p>	1
20.	<p>Assertion: The range of the data 21, 20, 19, 18, 15, 14 and 17 is 7.</p> <p>Reason: The range is the difference between the highest and the lowest value of the observation.</p> <p>a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.</p> <p>b. Both assertion and reason are correct but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.</p> <p>c. Assertion is correct but reason is false.</p> <p>d. Both assertion and reason are false.</p>	1
Section B		
21.	<p>Add $\frac{4}{7}$ and $\frac{-3}{5}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Compare $\frac{-5}{6}$ and $\frac{-3}{7}$</p>	2
22.	<p>If two supplementary angles differ by 20, then find each angle.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>The sum of a number and 8 is 45. Find the number.</p>	2
23.	If 6 pipes can fill a tank in 120 minutes, then how long will 5 pipes take to fill the same tank.	2
24.	How many natural numbers lie between 90^2 and 91^2 ?	2
25.	<p>RENT is a rectangle. Its diagonals meet at O. Find x, if $OR = 2x + 4$ and $OT = 3x + 1$.</p> 	2
Section C		

26.	In a school, $\frac{5}{8}$ of the students are boys. If there are 480 girls, find the number of boys in the school.	3
27.	If 18 women can embroider a saree in 35 days, then in how many days will 42 women embroider the same saree?	3
28.	Solve $\frac{3(1-x) + 2(1+x)}{4+3x} = 5$ OR $\frac{7y+4}{y+2} = \frac{-4}{3}$	3
29.	Find the least square number which is exactly divisible by 3, 4, 6, and 8. OR Find a Pythagorean triplet in which one member is 12.	3
30.	A taxi charges a fare of Rs.2550 for a journey of 150 km. How much would it charge for a journey of 124 km?	3
31.	A card is drawn from a deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting i. A red queen. ii. Getting a face card. iii. Getting a spade card.	3
Section D		
32.	Solve for x $\frac{x+2}{3} - \frac{x+1}{5} = \frac{x-3}{4} - 1$	5
33.	Is 2,352 a perfect square number? If not, find the smallest multiple of 2,352 which is a perfect square. Find the square root of the new number. OR Find the smallest number by which 9408 must be divided so as to get a perfect square number. Find the square root of the square number so obtained.	5

34.

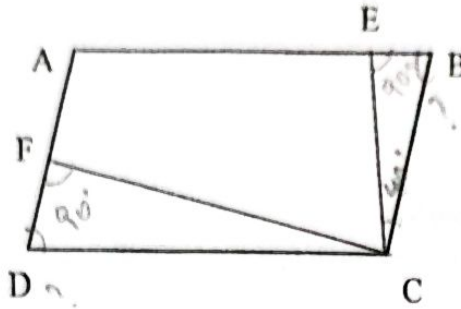
PQRS is a parallelogram. Find x and y .

5



OR

In the parallelogram ABCD, given $\angle BCE = 40^\circ$, $\angle BEC = 90^\circ$, $\angle CFD = 90^\circ$. Find $\angle FDC$ and $\angle EBC$ in the figure.



35.

Draw a pie chart to represent the following information:

5

Faculty	Number of students admitted
Science	1,200
Arts	1,000
Commerce	1,100
Vocational	300
	<u>3600</u>

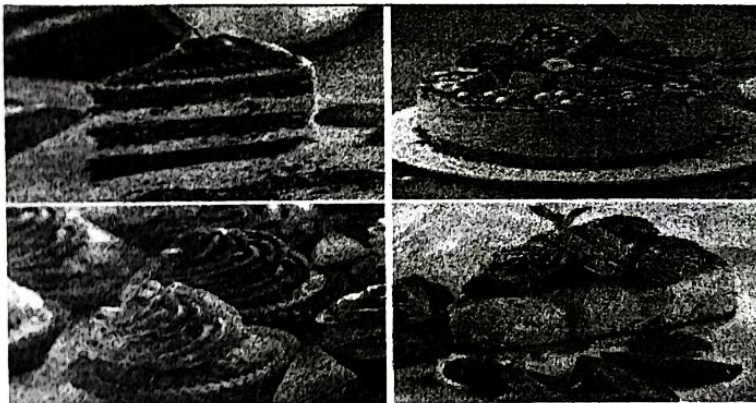
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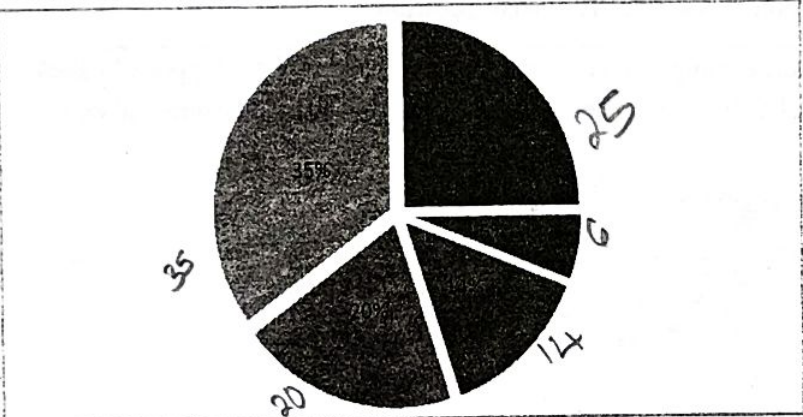
Section E (case study-based questions)

36.

Ram and Shyam are organising a fundraiser where they sell different types of cakes to raise money for a charity event. They have baked and packaged several cakes for sale:

4

Chocolate cake: each cake weighs $\frac{3}{4}$ kilogramsVanilla cake: each cake weighs $\frac{5}{6}$ kilogramsStrawberry cake: each cake weighs $\frac{2}{3}$ kilogramsLemon cake: each cake weighs $\frac{1}{2}$ kilograms

	<p>a. Calculate the weight of 5 chocolate cakes in kilograms.</p> <p>b. What is the total weight of one strawberry and one vanilla cake?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>What is the total weight of one vanilla cake and one lemon cake?</p> <p>c. By how much is the chocolate cake heavier than the lemon cake?</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>(1)</p>
37.	<p>There is a flower garden in the shape of a rhombus. The opposite corners intersect at a point O. If this shape is named as ABCD, then $AC = 12\text{cm}$ and $BD = 16\text{cm}$.</p>  <p>a. Find the length of its side.</p> <p>b. Find the perimeter of the flower garden.</p> <p>c. If the garden is to be fenced, find the perimeter of the wire required to fence the garden for two rounds.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Name the angle formed at the intersection of the two diagonals.</p>	<p>4</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>(1)</p>
38.	<p>A survey was conducted to mark the favourite colours of a certain group of 400 people. The data was represented in the form of a pie chart. Study the pie chart and answer the following questions.</p> <p>Blue 25% Red 35% Green 20% Yellow 14% Other 6%</p>  <p>a. Which colour received maximum number of votes?</p> <p>b. How many people voted 'other' as their favourite colour?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>How many people voted 'green' as their favourite colour?</p> <p>c. How many voted for green and yellow together?</p>	<p>4</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>(1)</p>



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
Half yearly Examination (2024-25)
Subject-Science

Class: VIII
Date: 28/09/2024
No. of sides: 8

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00-8:15 am
Writing Time: 8:15-11:15 am

General instructions:

- I. This question paper consists of 39 questions.
- II. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions.
A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- III. Section A consists of 20 objective questions carrying 1 mark each.
- IV. Section B consists of 6 very short questions carrying 2 marks each.
- V. Section C consists of 7 short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- VI. Section D consists of 3 long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- VII. Section E consists of 3 case-based questions carrying 4 marks each.

Sl.no	Section-A	Marks
1	Valency is the number of electrons of an atom which an atom can (a) donate (b) accept (c) donate or accept (d) none of these	1
2	Robin collected some dead organisms in a jar till it was three-fourths filled and layered it with heavy pieces of stones and left it for a month. His observation did not record formation of petroleum and natural gas. Why did the experiment fail? (a) Robin did not add bacteria into the jar. (b) Over millions of years, absence of air, high temperature and high pressure are required to transform the organisms into fossil fuels. (c) It is a slow process. (d) Both (b) and (c) are correct.	1
3	Which of these practices will help in conservation of fossil fuels? (i) Driving cars at a moderate speed. (ii) Ensuring correct tyre pressure. (iii) Ensuring regular maintenance of the vehicle. (iv) Switching off the engine at traffic lights. (a) (i) and (ii) (b) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) (c) (iii) and (iv) (d) None of these	1
4	Which of the following is bivalent polyatomic anion? (a) Chloride (b) Sulphate (c) Sodium (d) nitrate	1

12

Weedicides are chemicals that are sprayed on crop fields to remove weeds. A farmer wanted to test the effect of two different weedicides on wheat products. He sprayed each weedicide on two different fields. No weedicide was sprayed on field 3. What can the farmer conclude from his tests?



Field 1 - sprayed with weedicide 1

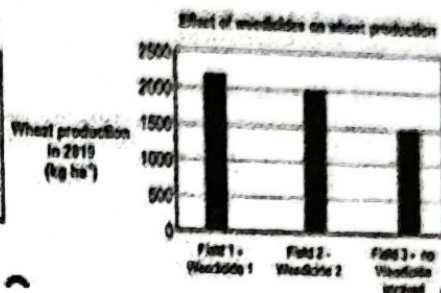
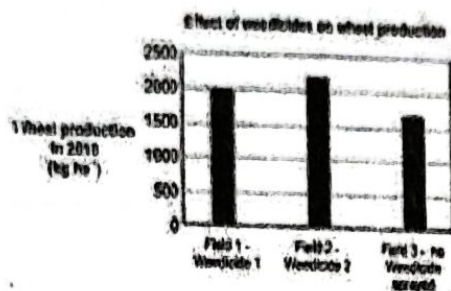


Field 2 - sprayed with weedicide 2



Field 3 - sprayed with weedicide 3

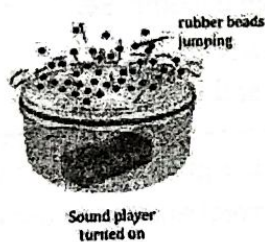
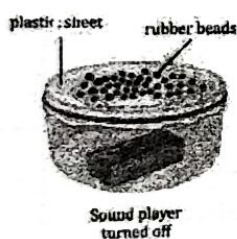
The graph shows the production of wheat crop from each field over two years.



- Weedicides 1 and 2 were not effective in controlling weeds.
- Wheat production was better in fields sprayed with weedicide.
- Crop production decreased in Field 3 as the soil was not fertile.
- Wheat production is not affected by the growth of weeds.

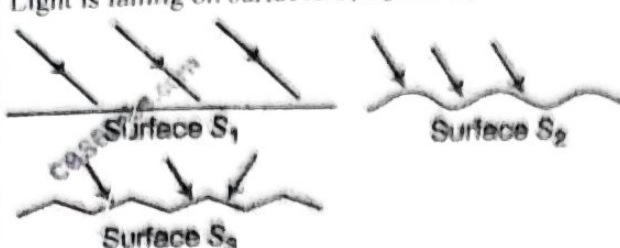

13

Raghav kept a mini sound player in each of two similar containers. The picture shows what Raghav noticed when he turned on the sound player. He then tightly covered both the containers with stretched plastic sheets.





Which of these questions can be answered using the result of Raghav's activity?

- Does sound travel through vacuum?
- Does sound produce vibration?
- Does sound travel as waves?
- Does sound travel faster in solids than in gases?

14	<p>Light is falling on surfaces S_1, S_2 and S_3 as shown in the figure.</p>  <p>Surfaces on which the angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection</p> <p>(a) Only S_1 (b) S_1 and S_2 (c) S_2 and S_3 (d) All the three surfaces</p>	1
15	<p>Alina has cold and viral flu for the past 5 days. Her mother gave her antibiotics, but she is not recovering. What can be a likely reason for the same?</p> <p>a. Antibiotics are used against viral infections. b. Antibiotics are used against bacterial infections. c. Antibiotics take time to cure the infection. d. Antibiotics are to prevent infections rather than to cure them.</p>	1
16	<p>1. A trash can contains the following materials:</p>  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> 1. Plastic straw 2. Aluminium foil 3. Apple peels 4. Chicken bone 5. Glass bottles 6. Tissue paper </div> <p>Select the materials that the microorganisms can decompose.</p> <p>(a) 1, 3 and 5 (b) 3, 4 and 6 (c) 1, 2 and 5 (d) 4, 5 and 6</p>	1
	<p>For question numbers 17 to 20 two statements are given—one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:</p> <p>a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of the assertion. b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of the assertion. c) A is true, but R is false. d) A is false, but R is true</p>	
17	<p>Assertion: Sunlight is an exhaustible natural resource. Reason: Sun will continue radiate energy for billions of years.</p>	1

18	Assertion: Red Data Book has a record of all animals. Reason: Endangered Species need to be identified for giving them proper protection	1
19	Assertion: Buffer stock is the extra stock of food grains which has to be maintained for emergency conditions Reason: For storage, extra moisture is removed by drying the food grains in the sun.	1
20	Assertion- The eye cannot see the object at far distance. Reason- 25cm is the comfortable distance at which eye can read.	1
Section-B		
21	Write the symbolic representation of the cations and anions present in the following compounds. (a) $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$ (b) Na_3P OR Give the atomicity of the following. (a) KOH (b) Al_2O_3	2
22	Why are Endemic organisms in greater danger of becoming extinct? OR Sometimes animals enter human habitation killing people and causing damage to materials. Why do the animals behave like this?	2
23	If you are given a dry piece of land for cultivation, what will you do before sowing the seeds?	2
24	Lightning and thunder happen in the sky simultaneously and at the same distance from us. Then why do we first see the flash of lightning and then, after some time we hear the thunder sound? OR Write the difference between noise and music. Can music become noise sometimes?	2
25	Pendulum A makes 15 oscillations in 5 seconds, and Pendulum B makes 12 oscillations in 3 seconds. (a) Calculate the frequency of Pendulum A and B. (b) Which has a higher frequency?	2
26	Some sugar solution is taken in a test-tube and a little of substance X in powder form is added to it. The mouth of test-tube is closed with a cork and allowed to stand for some time. On opening the cork, a characteristic smell of substance Y is obtained, and a gas Z is also observed to be formed. The gas Z extinguishes a burning matchstick. (a) What could be (i) X (ii) Y and (iii) Z? (b) What is the process of converting sugar into substance Y by the action of X known as _____	2

	Section-C	
27	<p>Write the molecular formulae of the following compounds using criss-cross method.</p> <p>(i) Zinc carbonate</p> <p>(ii) Cuprous oxide</p> <p>(iii) Magnesium phosphate</p>	3
28	<p>(a) Expand CNG. Why is it preferred over coal and petroleum, to be used as a fuel? Mention any three points.</p> <p>(b) Why is the layer containing petroleum and natural gas found above from that of water without being mixed in it?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>(a) Burning of fossil fuels is a major cause of air pollution. Justify the statement.</p> <p>(b) Can we depend upon petroleum reserves as a source for the future generation? Why /Why not?</p>	3
29	<p>(a) i) Identify and name the given microorganism.</p> <p>ii) How is this microorganism different from other microorganisms?</p> <p>(b) Name any three domestic uses of microorganisms.</p>	3
		
30	<p>(a) What measures must be taken to prevent spoilage and insect attack of harvested grains?</p> <p>(b) A farmer sows peas in the field after harvesting a crop of rice. Which agricultural practice is he following and why?</p>	3
31	<p>(a) What is the kind of reflection that is taking place from a glass surface? Draw a ray diagram to show the kind of reflection.</p> <p>(b) Eyes of nocturnal birds have large cornea and large pupil. How does this structure help them?</p>	3
32	<p>(a) Distinguish between audible and inaudible sound.</p> <p>(b) Why astronauts fail to hear each other on the surface of the moon?</p>	3
33	 <p>(a) Identify the device shown in the diagram.</p> <p>(b) What is the working principle?</p> <p>(c) Explain the construction of the given device</p>	3

Section-D

34

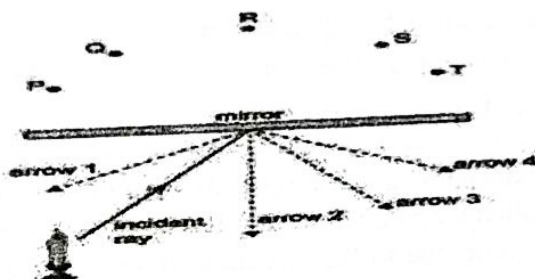
- (a) Write the balanced chemical equation for the following reaction.
 (i) Magnesium burns in air and produces Magnesium oxide.
 (ii) Zinc metal reacts with Hydrochloric acid to produce Zinc chloride and Hydrogen gas.
 (b) Differentiate between element and compound with an example in each case
- OR**
- (a) Balance the following chemical equations:
 (i) $\text{HNO}_3 + \text{Ca(OH)}_2 \rightarrow \text{Ca(NO}_3)_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 (ii) $\text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 (iii) $\text{BaCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{BaSO}_4 + \text{HCl}$
 (b) Differentiate between anion and cation with an example.

5

35

- (a) Draw the ray diagram to show image formation in plane mirror
 (b) Name the following.
 (i) The effect due to which we see an object for few seconds more even when the object is removed from the front of eyes.
 (ii) The most popular resource for visually challenged person to read and write.
- OR**
- (a) How many images will be formed when two mirrors are placed 90 degrees to each other.
 (b) The picture shows a light ray from a candle falling on a mirror. P, Q, R, S and T are five points behind the mirror.

5


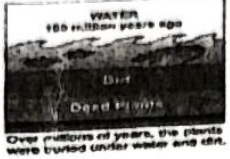
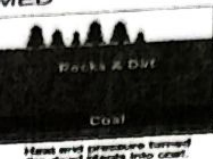
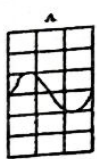

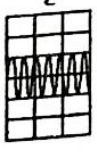
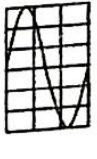


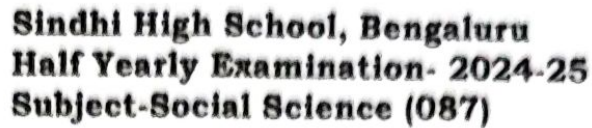
- At which point will the image of the candle form? Write the nature of image formed.
 (c) When we look at sunlight through a scale, it seems to break in seven colours. Why does this happen? What is the phenomenon is called?

36

- (a) Limiting the use of paper also protects biodiversity. Justify the statement.
 (b) A threat to any species of plants or animals is a threat to mankind.
 (c) A Tiger Reserve is a forest area where the tiger population is protected. Why do Indian government declare parts of many forests as Tiger Reserve?
 (d) List the endemic fauna of Pachmarhi Biosphere Reserve.
- OR**
- (a) Deforestation leads to reduced rainfall. Justify

5

	<p>(b) Give reasons</p> <p>(i) Protected forests are also not completely safe for wild animals.</p> <p>(ii) We should conserve biodiversity.</p> <p>(iii) Soil erosion leads to desertification.</p>	
	Section E	
37	<p>Coal is a fossil fuel formed from dead plant matter over millions of years due to heat and pressure.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">HOW COAL WAS FORMED</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>SWAMP 300 million years ago</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>WATER 150 million years ago</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Rocks & Dirt Coal</p> </div> </div> <p>(i) Write two important uses of coke.</p> <p>(ii) What is meant by carbonisation?</p> <p>(iii) Fossil fuels should be used wisely. Justify with two reasons.</p>	4
38	<p>These days' vaccines are made on a large scale to protect human and other animals from several diseases. Vaccines contain antigens that stimulate the immune system to produce an immune response that is often similar to that produced by the natural infection. It is essential to protect children against diseases. Necessary vaccines are available in the nearby hospitals. A worldwide campaign against smallpox has finally led to its eradication from most parts of the world.</p> <p>(a) How does a vaccine protect us?</p> <p>(b) Who discovered the vaccine against smallpox disease?</p> <p>(c) What is the main motto of 'Pulse Polio Program'?</p> <p>(d) Comment on the formation of antibodies in our body?</p>	4
39	<p>Sound is a form of energy produced by a vibrating body. The to and fro or back and forth motion of an object is called vibration. Some instruments produce sound due to the vibration of membranes, some due to the vibration of strings, and some others produce sound due to the vibration of an air column. Look at the sound waves drawn in the figures A, B, C and D. Each one was produced by a different sound. Use the diagrams to answer the questions below.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;">     </div> <p>(a) Compare figures B & D. Which of the two will have a louder sound? Give reason.</p> <p>(b) Which of these figures could be the sound produced by the buzzing of a bee? Justify.</p> <p>(c) How is the loudness related to the amplitude of sound and in what units it is measured?</p>	4





Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8.00am to 8.15am
Writing Time: 8.15am to 11.15am

- i. Question paper comprises six sections- A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 38 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Section A-From question nos.1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section B- Question nos. 21 to 25 are very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each.
- iv. Section C-contains question nos. 26 to 31 are short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- v. Section D-Question nos. 32 to 34 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- vi. Section E-Question nos. 35 to 37 are case based questions of 4 marks each.
- vii. Section F-Question nos.38 is map-based question carrying 5 marks with two parts, 38 a from History (2marks) and 38 b (3 marks) from Geography.
- viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

Section -A		1x20=20
1.	The British conquest of Bengal began with the Battle of ____ a. Buxar b. Plassey c. Seringapatam d. Panipat	1
2.	The place where the old documents are preserved are called _____. a. Archives b. Museum c. Library d. Survey	1
3.	Identify the emperor arrested by Captain Hodson. a. Bahadur Shah Zafar b. Akbar c. Shah Jahan d. Jahangir	1
4.	Which of the following pair is rightly matched? a. James Mill – Wrote “A History of British India”. b. Lord William Bentick- The first Governor- General of India c.” Calligrapher”- Who is specialized in the art music d. Lucknow- The revolt of indigo plantation began	1

5.	Tick the correct option for the correctly matched pair.				1																								
<table><tr><td></td><td>Column 1</td><td></td><td>Column 2</td></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>Khonds</td><td>i</td><td>Color clothes and leather</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>Vaishav preachers</td><td>ii</td><td>Shepherds</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>Gaddis of Kulu</td><td>iii</td><td>Vishnu</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>Kusum and Palash flowers</td><td>iv</td><td>Jharkhand</td></tr></table>						Column 1		Column 2	A	Khonds	i	Color clothes and leather	B	Vaishav preachers	ii	Shepherds	C	Gaddis of Kulu	iii	Vishnu	D	Kusum and Palash flowers	iv	Jharkhand					
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b.	iv	iii	ii	i																									
c.	ii	iv	i	iii																									
d.	i	iii	iv	ii																									
6.	Sleeper means _____. a. A wooden plank used to make Carts. b. The horizontal planks of wood, on which railway lines are laid. c. A wooden plank used to make chariot. d. A wooden plank used to sleep.				1																								
7.	The resources which can be used directly without any modification are called? a. Non renewable resources b. Natural Resources c. Sustainable resources d. Both b and c				1																								
8.	Identify the Method of Soil Conservation a. Terrace Farming b. Contour Ploughing c. Mulching d. Shelter Belts				1																								
9.	A dripping tap wastes _____ litres of water in a year. a. 1200 b. 1300 c. 1100 d. 1400				1																								
10.	How can we conserve resources? a. Allow illegal mining b. Deforestation c. Give resources time to get renewed d. Hunting and poaching				1																								
11.	_____ and _____ are the major threats to the environment because of agriculture and construction activities. i. Land degradation ii. Availability of water iii. Soil erosion iv. Forestry a. i and ii b. i and iii c. ii and iv d. iii and iv				1																								
12.	Landslides often take this in conjunction with a. Earthquake b. Afforestation c. Agriculture d. None of the above				1																								
13.	Technology is an example of _____. a. Natural resource b. Human made resource c. Human resource d. Renewable resource				1																								
14.	Two statements are given below, a statement of Assertion (A) followed by a statement of Reason (R). Read the statements carefully and choose the correct option: Statement A (Assertion): Indian constitution ensures the balance of power				1																								

	<p>between the three organs of government.</p> <p>Statement R (Reason): Constitution provides different powers to different organs and each organ act as a check on the other organ.</p> <p>a. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is correct explanation of assertion (A).</p> <p>b. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).</p> <p>c. Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.</p> <p>d. Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.</p>	
15.	<p>The highest law- making body of our country consisting of the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha is known as: -</p> <p>a. High court b. Supreme court c. Parliament d. District Court.</p>	1
16.	<p>Which of the following statements with respect to the judiciary in India is/are correct?</p> <p>i. The supreme Court of India was established on 26 January 1947, the day India became an independent nation.</p> <p>ii. There are three different levels of court in our country.</p> <p>iii. The Supreme Court in the early 1980's devised a mechanism of Public Interest Litigation.</p> <p>a. i only b. i and ii only c. i and iii only d. ii and iii only</p>	1
17.	<p>Which of the following defines the set of rules to govern the country?</p> <p>a. Preamble b. Sovereignty c. Constitution d. None of these</p>	1
18.	<p>Which of the following statements is true about secularism?</p> <p>a. It promotes religious fundamentalism b. It encourages religious conflicts</p> <p>c. It respects all religions and beliefs d. It supports religious intolerance</p>	1
19.	<p>Which branch of government is responsible for making laws in a parliamentary system?</p> <p>a. Executive branch b. Legislative branch</p> <p>c. Judicial branch d. Administrative branch</p>	1
20.	<p>What is the significance of secularism in a diverse society?</p> <p>a. Creating religious divisions b. Fostering social harmony and tolerance</p> <p>c. Restricting religious practices d. Promoting religious supremacy</p>	1
	Section-B	2x5=10
21.	Surveys became important during British rule. Explain.	2
22.	 <p>Identify the personality and why was he Impeached?</p>	2
23.	Each person can contribute in the conservation of resources. Mention any two ways.	2
24.	Explain 'Parliamentary form of government'?	2
25.	What are the major functions of the parliament?	2
	Section-C	3x6=18

26.	By the end of the 18th century, the demand for Indian indigo grew further. Analyse the reasons behind it.	3
27.	Under whom was the policy of Paramountcy initiated and what was the objective behind it?	3
28.	"It is our duty to ensure the future of our planet and its people is linked with the ability to maintain and preserve the life support system that nature provides". Explain.	3
29.	 <p>i. Identify the mitigation mechanism given in the picture. ii. List two features of CITES.</p>	3
30.	Write a short note on Rajya Sabha.	3
31.	Explain the role of Judiciary.	3
Section-D		5x3=15
32.	By the nineteenth century, tribal people in different parts of India were involved in a variety of activities to earn their livelihood. Describe how did they earn their livelihood as jhum cultivators and hunters and gatherers? OR Explain the lives of tribal chiefs before the arrival of the British and under the British rule.	5 (3+2=5)
33.	What is soil? Mention and explain the factors affecting soil formation. OR It is very important to conserve water. Explain five methods of conserving water.	5
34.	Why do you think the introduction of Public Interest Litigation (PIL) in the 1980s is a significant step in ensuring access to justice for all? OR a) Explain the judiciary system existing in India. b) Mention two differences between Criminal law and Civil law.	5 (3+2=5)
Section-E		4x3=12
35.	Read the passage and answer the following questions: The Company on its part declared that the unjust demands of the local officials were ruining the trade of the Company, and trade could flourish only if the duties were removed. It was also convinced that to expand trade it has to enlarge its settlements, buy up villages, and rebuild its forts. 35.1) What is farman? 35.2) Who led the Company's army against Sirajuddaulah at Plassey? 35.3) What were the causes of conflict between Sirajuddaulah and the British?	1 1 2

36.	<p>Read the passage and answer the following questions</p> <p>Value means worth. Some resources have economic value, some do not. For example, metals may have an economic value, a beautiful landscape may not. But both are important and satisfy human needs.</p> <p>Some resources can become economically valuable with time. Your grandmother's home remedies have no commercial value today. But if they are patented and sold by a medical firm tomorrow, they could become economically valuable.</p> <p>36.1) What is Patent?</p> <p>36.2) Name two factors that can change substance into resource.</p> <p>36.3) Difference between renewable and non-renewable resources.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>
37.	<p>Read the passage and answer the following questions:</p> <p>History provides us with many examples of discrimination, exclusion and persecution on the grounds of religion. You may have read about how Jews were persecuted in Hitler's Germany and how several millions were killed. Now, however, the Jewish State of Israel treats its own Muslim and Christian minorities quite badly. In Saudi Arabia, non- Muslims are not allowed to build a temple, church etc., and nor can they gather in a public place for prayers.</p> <p>37.1) What does the term 'Secularism' refer to?</p> <p>37.2) What is the significant difference between Indian secularism and understanding of secularism in the United States?</p> <p>37.3) Why is it important to separate religion from the State?</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>
38.	<p>SECTION-F</p> <p>I. Identify the following on the given Political map of India-</p> <p>a. Presidencies of British – A and B.</p> <p>II. Locate the following on the given Political map of India</p> <p>a. Ranganthitu Bird Sanctuary</p> <p>b. Sariska Wildlife Sanctuary</p> <p>c. Corbett National Park</p>	<p>2+3=5</p>





Sindhi High School, Bengaluru

Half Yearly Exam 2024-25

Subject: Computer Science

Class: VIII

Date: 01/10/2024

No Of Printed Sides: 2

Max Marks: 30

Reading Time: 8:00 A.M. To 8:15 A.M.

Writing Time: 8:15 A.M. To 9:15 A.M.

I. Choose the correct option.

(5X1=5)

1. Which Port is primarily used for high -quality audio and video transmission?
a) USB Port b) HDMI Port c) Ethernet Port d) Audio Jack
2. What is the main purpose of comments in Python?
a) To print statement b) To perform calculation
c) To provide notes or explanations within the code d) To store values
3. Which of the following in python is a Logical operator?
a) and b) % c) ! d) ++
4. Which of the following is not a Relational operator?
a) > b) < c) + d) ==
5. What is the primary purpose of loops in programming?
a) To create errors b) To execute a block of code multiple times
c) To make code longer d) To make the code harder to understand

II. Fill in the blank.

(5X1=5)

1. All computers are connected to a central hub in a _____ topology.
2. _____ is a series of character created by enclosing text with quotation marks.
3. _____ operators are used to make decision based on multiple checks.
4. _____ loop is the result , if you do not meet the exit conditions of a loop and the program will not terminate .
5. _____ is a block of code comprising a set of steps that results in a specific actions and they a useful in programs to reduce code redundancy.

III. Say True or False.

(6X ½=3)

1. PAN network is the smallest and most basic type used to connect device within an individual's range.
2. The input() function in python is used to display output to the user.
3. Coding is giving instruction to a computer in a language it understand.
4. A While loop continues executing as long as a specified condition is true.
5. Single equals to (=) is an assignment operator.

IV. Write the output of the following python code snippet?

(1X2=2)

```
x=10
if x> 5 :
    print (" x is greater than 5")
else :
    print ("x is 5 or less")
```

V. Answer in one word.

(5X1=5)

1. Which device in a network decides the most efficient path for data packets to travel?
2. Which function in python allows us to write or show output on the terminal?
3. Which block is used to make a sprite to talk in PictoBlox?
4. Name the application software used to graphic design a project like poster, video making and so on?
5. Which function in python makes the sprite ask the question to the user?

VI. Answer the following

(5X2=10)

1. What are the two main types of Computer software and give example for each?
2. What is the significance of indentation in python?
3. What are the different types of relational operators?
4. What are the different types of loops?
5. Write the full form of?
a) LAN b) WAN
